

CORPORATE BYLAWS  
OF  
[NAME OF CORPORATION]

ARTICLE 1  
OBJECTIVES, PURPOSES, FORMATION, LIMITATIONS, POWERS AND DUTIES,  
PROPERTY

Section 1.1 Purpose. The purposes for which the Corporation is formed are as more fully set forth in the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*, including the Great Ends of the Church, and in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 1.2 Formation. The Corporation is formed by [*Name of Congregation, City and State*] (the “Congregation”) pursuant to the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*. The Congregation is a member church of the [*Name of Presbytery of Membership*] (the “Presbytery”) in the Synod of the Mid–Atlantic.

Section 1.3 Authority. In carrying out such purposes, the Board of Trustees (the “Trustees”) and the Corporation shall be under the authority of the session and of the Congregation, and shall, at all times and in all respects, conform to and support the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)* as it is now or shall be from time to time amended, established, made, and declared by the authority of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.).

Section 1.4 Limitation of Powers and Duties. The powers and duties of the Corporation and its Trustees shall not infringe upon the powers and duties of the session, or of the board of deacons of the Congregation, should one be established.

Section 1.5 Powers and Duties.

(a) The Corporation shall have the powers and duties granted by the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*:

- (i) To receive, hold, encumber, manage, and transfer property, real or personal, for the church;
- (ii) To accept and execute deeds of title to such property;
- (iii) To hold and defend title to such property;
- (iv) To manage any permanent special funds for the furtherance of the purposes of the Congregation.

(b) In addition, to the extent not included above and not inconsistent with the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*, the Corporation shall have all the general powers of a nonstock corporation organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Section 1.6 All Property Held in Trust. All property of the Corporation, both real and personal, is held in trust for the use and benefit of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.).

Section 1.7 Particular Property Requirements. When buying, selling, and mortgaging real property, the Trustees shall act only after the approval of the Congregation granted in a duly constituted meeting. The Trustees shall not sell, mortgage, or otherwise encumber any of the Corporation's real property and it shall not acquire real property subject to an encumbrance or condition without the written permission of the Presbytery transmitted through the Session. The Corporation shall not lease its real property used for purposes of worship, or lease for more than five years any of its other real property, without the written permission of the Presbytery transmitted through the Session.

Section 1.8 Property Conveyances. Pursuant to the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*, real property held or acquired by the Corporation, the Congregation, the Trustees, a trustee, or unincorporated association will include the following language in the deed:

*The premises herein conveyed shall be used, kept, and maintained by the grantee for Divine Worship and other purposes of its ministry as a Congregation belonging to the [Name of Presbytery], subject to the provisions of the Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.).*

## ARTICLE 2 MEMBERS

Section 2.1 Eligibility for Membership. Only members on the active roll of the Congregation shall be members of the Corporation and eligible for election as Trustees. Ministers, who are Teaching Elders, are not members of the congregation and so are not members of the Corporation.

Section 2.2 Active Members. The roll of active members established and maintained by the session, as prescribed by the *Book of Order* comprising a part of the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*, shall determine those individuals who are active members of the Corporation from time to time.

## ARTICLE 3 TRUSTEES

Section 3.1 Qualification; Election. The directors of the Corporation are designated Trustees. The initial Trustees shall be those persons named in the Articles of Incorporation. Thereafter, the membership of the Trustees shall be identical to the membership of the session in active service. Election by the congregation and installation as a Ruling Elder of the church shall constitute a person a trustee of the Corporation.

Section 3.2 Removal. Termination for any reason of a person's active service on the session shall automatically terminate such person's service as a trustee of the Corporation.

## ARTICLE 4 MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Section 4.1 Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the Trustees shall be held in conjunction with or immediately following the first regular meeting of the session in each

calendar year, or at another time in each calendar year determined by the Trustees with the concurrence of the session.

Section 4.2 Regular and Special Meetings.

(a) Regular meetings of the Trustees may be held on any schedule adopted or changed from time to time by the Trustees.

(b) Special meetings of the Trustees may be held at any time upon the call of the President, upon the written request of any two or more of the Trustees, or when directed by the session or the Presbytery.

Section 4.3 Notice of Meetings.

(a) Regular meetings of the Trustees may be held without notice of the date, time, place, or purpose of the meeting.

(b) Reasonable notice of the date, time, and place and, in the case of special meetings, the purpose, shall be given in person or by mail, telephone, or by a form of electronic transmission consented to by the trustee to whom the notice is given. Meetings may be held at any time without notice if all the Trustees are present or if those not present waive notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting, either before or after such meeting.

Section 4.4 Quorum. [*Enter Fractional Number, Not Less Than One Third*] of the number of Trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The affirmative vote of a majority of the Trustees present at a meeting at which a quorum is present when the vote is taken shall be the act of the Trustees.

Section 4.5 Action Without a Meeting. Action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the Trustees may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all members of the Trustees. The action shall be evidenced by one or more written consents stating the action taken, signed by each trustee either before or after the action taken, and included in the minutes or filed with the corporate records reflecting the action taken. The action so taken shall become effective when the last trustee signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date, in which event the action taken is effective as of the date specified provided the consent states the date of execution by each trustee.

Section 4.6 Procedures. The meeting requirements and provisions of the *Constitution of Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)* shall govern meetings of the Trustees. In addition to those requirements and provisions, these bylaws provide specific guidance for the Corporation. The rules and procedures of the session governing its meetings shall be applicable to meetings of the Trustees.

Section 4.7 Power and Authority. The Trustees shall have power and authority to carry out the affairs of the Corporation and in so doing may elect or appoint all necessary officers; may employ all such employees as shall be requisite for the conduct of the affairs of the Corporation; may fix the compensation of such persons; may prescribe the duties of such persons; and may dismiss any appointive officer or agent of the corporation without previous

notice. The Trustees may, in the absence of an officer, delegate that officer's powers and duties to any other officer or a trustee for the time being.

Section 4.8 Committees. The Trustees may create one or more committees and appoint members of the Trustees to serve on them. Each committee may have two or more members who serve at the pleasure of the Trustees. Each committee may exercise the authority given to it by the Trustees other than the authority to fill vacancies, amend the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the Corporation, or approve a plan of merger. The rules which govern meetings, action without a meeting, notice and waiver of notice, and quorum and voting requirements of the Trustees shall apply to committees and their members unless the Trustees expressly provide otherwise.

## ARTICLE 5 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

Section 5.1 Annual Meeting. An annual meeting of the members of the Corporation shall be held at the same place and time as the annual meeting of the Congregation or immediately thereafter, at the discretion of the President of the Corporation. Both ecclesiastical and corporate business may be conducted at the same meeting. Any stated or called meeting of the Congregation shall be a meeting of the members of the Corporation, and any business may be conducted that is appropriate to the Corporation.

Section 5.2 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the members of the Corporation may be called by the Trustees, the session, or the Presbytery. Only business within the purpose or purposes described in the notice for a special meeting of members may be conducted at the meeting.

Section 5.3 Quorum and Voting Requirements. Unless otherwise provided by law, a quorum for any meeting of the members of the Corporation shall be the same as the quorum established for a meeting of the Congregation.

Section 5.4 Procedural Requirements. The meetings of the members shall be conducted to conform as closely as possible with the procedural requirements of the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*. In addition to those requirements, the provisions of these bylaws provide specific guidance for the Corporation. The rules and procedures applicable to meetings of the members of the Congregation shall be applicable to meetings of the members of the Corporation.

Section 5.5 Proxy Voting. Except for a matter as to which civil law expressly requires voting by proxy, members may not vote by proxy at any meeting of members but must be present at a meeting in order to vote in person.

## ARTICLE 6 OFFICERS

Section 6.1 Officers. The Trustees, as soon as practicable after the election of Trustees in each year, shall elect from their number a President of the Corporation, and may from time to time elect one or more Vice Presidents, Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers. The clerk of session shall serve as Secretary of the Corporation. The Treasurer elected by the

session shall serve as Treasurer of the Corporation. The same person may hold any two offices except those of President and Secretary. The Trustees may also appoint such other officers and agents as may be deemed necessary for the transaction of the affairs of the Corporation.

Section 6.2 Term. The term of office for all officers shall be one (1) year or until their respective successors are chosen. Any officer elected by the Trustees may be removed from the office at any meeting of the Trustees by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Trustees then in office, whenever in their judgment the interest of the Corporation will be served thereby. The Trustees shall have full power to fill any vacancies in any offices they are authorized to elect occurring for any reason whatsoever.

Section 6.3 Powers and Duties. The officers of the Corporation shall respectively have such powers and perform such duties in the management of property and affairs of the Corporation, subject to the control of the Trustees, as generally pertain to their respective offices, as well as such additional powers and duties as may from time to time be conferred by the Trustees. No action taken by the officers shall infringe upon the authority of the session or of the board of deacons (should one be established), and all such actions shall be in conformity with the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*. Subject to these bylaws and the articles of incorporation of the Corporation, the officers shall have the following respective powers and duties in regards to the Corporation:

(a) The President shall (i) execute documents to carry out the purpose and functions of the Corporation as approved and directed by the Trustees; (ii) be responsible for carrying out the directives and requirements of applicable law, these bylaws, and the articles of incorporation; (iii) in general, perform all duties incident to the office of president; and (iv) perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned by the Trustees.

(b) The Vice President shall (i) assist the President in the exercise of his or her duties; (ii) in the absence or inability of the President, execute the duties of the President; (iii) in general, perform all duties incident to the office of vice president; and (iv) perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned by the Trustees.

(c) The Secretary shall (i) perform for the Corporation those duties set out in the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*; (ii) record all votes by the Trustees; (iii) be the custodian of the corporate seal, if any, and affix it to all documents to be executed on behalf of the Corporation under its seal; (iv) in general, perform all duties incident to the office of secretary; and (v) perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned by the Trustees.

(d) The Treasurer shall (i) perform for the Corporation those duties set out in the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*; (ii) be responsible for the safekeeping of all funds and assets, except for those funds expressly assigned to the trusteeship of another; (iii) be responsible for the filling of any and all tax and other financial reports as required by applicable law; (iv) oversee deposit of all monies, drafts, and checks in the name of or to the credit of the Corporation at such banks or depositories as the Trustees shall designate; (v) in general, perform all duties incident to the office of

treasurer, and (vi) perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned by the Trustees.

(e) Assistant Secretaries shall perform such of those duties of the Secretary as directed by the Trustees.

(f) Assistant Treasurers shall perform such of those duties of the Treasurer as directed by the Trustees.

Section 6.4 Checks. Notes. Drafts, Etc. The Trustees may, from time to time, prescribe the manner of making signature or endorsement of bills of exchange, notes, drafts, checks, acceptances, obligations and other negotiable paper or other instruments for the payment of money and designate the officer or officers, agent or agents, who shall from time to time be authorized to make, sign or endorse the same on behalf of the Corporation.

ARTICLE 7  
MISCELLANEOUS

Section 7.1 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall begin on January 1 and end on December 31.

Section 7.2 Seal. The Corporation may, but is not required to, have a corporate seal. In the event the Trustees elects to have a seal, it shall determine the content of the seal which may be altered at will.

Section 7.3 Office. The principal office and mailing address of the Corporation is:

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Section 7.4 Amendments. The bylaws of the Corporation may be amended or added to, or new bylaws may be adopted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of those members of the Corporation present and voting at a meeting of members of the Corporation at which a quorum is present, provided that the bylaws must at all times and in all respects remain in conformity with the *Constitution of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)*.

FORM 1-B